## SAFETY DATA SHEET



## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name Spheerol AP 3
Product code 451345-ZA01
SDS # 451345
Product type Grease

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

### **Identified uses**

General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery-Industrial General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery-Professional

Use of the substance/ Great

Grease for industrial applications.

mixture

For specific application advice see appropriate Technical Data Sheet or consult our company

representative.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier BP Southern Africa (Pty)Ltd

199 Oxford Road Oxford Parks Dunkeld, 2196 South Africa

Product Technical Helpdesk: 0800 111 551

E-mail address MSDSadvice@bp.com

## 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**EMERGENCY** Tygerberg Poison Centre: 0861 555 777 **TELEPHONE NUMBER** Carechem: +27 21 300 2732 (24/7)

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition Mixture

Eye Irrit. 2, H319

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See sections 11 and 12 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms and environmental hazards.

### 2.2 Label elements

**Hazard pictograms** 



Signal word Warning

Hazard statements H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** P280 - Wear eye or face protection.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

StorageNot applicable.DisposalNot applicable.Hazardous ingredientsNot applicable.

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# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Supplemental label

ontains 1-(N,N-bis(2-ethylhexyl)amino-methyl)tolutriazole. May produce an allergic reaction.

elements

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification Defatting to the skin.

Note: High Pressure Applications

Injections through the skin resulting from contact with the product at high pressure constitute a

major medical emergency.

See 'Notes to physician' under First-Aid Measures, Section 4 of this Safety Data Sheet.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Mixture

#### 3.2 Mixtures

**Product definition** 

Highly refined base oil (IP 346 DMSO extract < 3%). Soap. Proprietary performance additives.

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
zínc bis[O-(2-ethylhexyl)] bis [O-(isobutyl)] bis (dithiophosphate)	REACH #: 01-2119937239-30 EC: 247-810-2 CAS: 26566-95-0	<2.5	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
1-(N,N-bis(2-ethylhexyl)amino- methyl)tolutriazole	REACH #: 01-2119982395-25 EC: 939-700-4 CAS: -	≤0.3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	M [Acute] = 1	[1]

#### See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids Eye contact

should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Check for and remove any

contact lenses. Get medical attention.

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove Skin contact

contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before

reuse. Get medical attention if irritation develops.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by

mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical

attention immediately. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**Protection of first-aiders** No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be

dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### Potential acute health effects

Inhalation No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

**Eye contact** Causes serious eye irritation.

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Inhalation Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.

Ingestion Ingestion of large quantities may cause nausea and diarrhoea.

Potential risk of transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs. **Eye contact** 

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician Treatment should in general be symptomatic and directed to relieving any effects.

Note: High Pressure Applications

Injections through the skin resulting from contact with the product at high pressure constitute a major medical emergency. Injuries may not appear serious at first but within a few hours tissue becomes swollen, discoloured and extremely painful with extensive subcutaneous necrosis. Surgical exploration should be undertaken without delay. Thorough and extensive debridement of the wound and underlying tissue is necessary to minimise tissue loss and prevent or limit

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## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

permanent damage. Note that high pressure may force the product considerable distances

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

In case of fire, use water fog, alcohol resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide

extinguisher or spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet. The use of a water jet may cause the fire to spread by splashing the

burning product.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture No specific fire or explosion hazard.

**Hazardous combustion** 

products

Combustion products may include the following:

carbon oxides (CO, CO2) (carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide)

metal oxide/oxides phosphorus oxides

sulphur oxides (SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, etc.)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire.

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for firefighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency

personnel

Contact emergency personnel. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Floors may be slippery; use care to avoid falling. Provide adequate ventilation. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

**6.2 Environmental** precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. If emergency personnel are unavailable, contain spilt material. Suction or scoop the spill into appropriate disposal or recycling vessels, then cover spill area with oil absorbent. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

6.4 Reference to other

sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 5 for firefighting measures.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 12 for environmental precautions.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Do not reuse container. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

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# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store and use only in equipment/containers designed for use with this product. Do not store in unlabelled containers.

Not suitable

Prolonged exposure to elevated temperature

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

See section 1.2 and Exposure scenarios in annex, if applicable.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limit value known.

Product/ingredient name

**Exposure limit values** 

Whilst specific OELs for certain components may be shown in this section, other components may be present in any mist, vapour or dust produced. Therefore, the specific OELs may not be applicable to the product as a whole and are provided for guidance only.

Recommended monitoring procedures

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **Biological exposure indices**

Product/ingredient name

**Exposure indices** 

No exposure indices known.

#### **Derived No Effect Level**

No DNELs/DMELs available.

### **Predicted No Effect Concentration**

No PNECs available

### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

All activities involving chemicals should be assessed for their risks to health, to ensure exposures are adequately controlled. Personal protective equipment should only be considered after other forms of control measures (e.g. engineering controls) have been suitably evaluated. Personal protective equipment should conform to appropriate standards, be suitable for use, be kept in good condition and properly maintained.

Your supplier of personal protective equipment should be consulted for advice on selection and appropriate standards. For further information contact your national organisation for standards. The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment. It is important to ensure that all items of personal protective equipment are compatible.

## **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### **Respiratory protection**

respiratory equipment.

The correct choice of respiratory protection depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the respiratory equipment. Safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Respiratory protection equipment should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

## Eye/face protection Skin protection

Safety glasses with side shields.

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# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Hand protection**

#### **General Information:**

Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. The correct choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, and the conditions of work and use. Most gloves provide protection for only a limited time before they must be discarded and replaced (even the best chemically resistant gloves will break down after repeated chemical exposures).

Gloves should be chosen in consultation with the supplier / manufacturer and taking account of a full assessment of the working conditions.

Recommended: Nitrile gloves.

#### Breakthrough time:

Breakthrough time data are generated by glove manufacturers under laboratory test conditions and represent how long a glove can be expected to provide effective permeation resistance. It is important when following breakthrough time recommendations that actual workplace conditions are taken into account. Always consult with your glove supplier for up-to-date technical information on breakthrough times for the recommended glove type. Our recommendations on the selection of gloves are as follows:

### Continuous contact:

Gloves with a minimum breakthrough time of 240 minutes, or >480 minutes if suitable gloves can be obtained.

If suitable gloves are not available to offer that level of protection, gloves with shorter breakthrough times may be acceptable as long as appropriate glove maintenance and replacement regimes are determined and adhered to.

Short-term / splash protection:

Recommended breakthrough times as above.

It is recognised that for short-term, transient exposures, gloves with shorter breakthrough times may commonly be used. Therefore, appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes must be determined and rigorously followed.

#### **Glove Thickness:**

For general applications, we recommend gloves with a thickness typically greater than 0.35 mm.

It should be emphasised that glove thickness is not necessarily a good predictor of glove resistance to a specific chemical, as the permeation efficiency of the glove will be dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Therefore, glove selection should also be based on consideration of the task requirements and knowledge of breakthrough times. Glove thickness may also vary depending on the glove manufacturer, the glove type and the glove model. Therefore, the manufacturers' technical data should always be taken into account to ensure selection of the most appropriate glove for the task.

Note: Depending on the activity being conducted, gloves of varying thickness may be required for specific tasks. For example:

- Thinner gloves (down to 0.1 mm or less) may be required where a high degree of manual dexterity is needed. However, these gloves are only likely to give short duration protection and would normally be just for single use applications, then disposed of.
- Thicker gloves (up to 3 mm or more) may be required where there is a mechanical (as well as a chemical) risk i.e. where there is abrasion or puncture potential.

## Skin and body

Use of protective clothing is good industrial practice.

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Cotton or polyester/cotton overalls will only provide protection against light superficial contamination that will not soak through to the skin. Overalls should be laundered on a regular basis. When the risk of skin exposure is high (e.g. when cleaning up spillages or if there is a risk of splashing) then chemical resistant aprons and/or impervious chemical suits and boots will be required.

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Refer to standards: Respiratory protection: EN 529

Gloves: EN 420, EN 374 Eye protection: EN 166 Filtering half-mask: EN 149

Filtering half-mask with valve: EN 405 Half-mask: EN 140 plus filter Full-face mask: EN 136 plus filter Particulate filters: EN 143 Gas/combined filters: EN 14387

**Environmental exposure** 

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to

reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Grease

Colour Brown. [Light]

Odour Not available.

Odour threshold Not available.

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling Not available.

range

Flammability No Lower and upper explosion No

limit

Flash point

Not available. Not applicable.

Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F) [Estimated. Based on Highly refined base oil]

Auto-ignition temperatureNot applicable.Decomposition temperatureNot available.pHNot applicable.Kinematic viscosityNot available.

**Solubility** 

Media	Result
water	Not soluble

Partition coefficient n-octanol/

water (log value)

Not applicable.

Vapour pressure

Not available.

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C		Vapour pressure at 50°C			
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Not available.						

**Density and/or Relative density** 

1000 kg/m³ (>1 g/cm³)

Relative vapour density

Not applicable.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size Not available.

9.2 Other information

Evaporation rateNot available.Explosive propertiesNot available.Oxidising propertiesNot available.Drop Point>180 °C

Penetration Number (0.1 mm) 220 to 250 at 25°C ASTM D217-94

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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data available for this product. Refer to Conditions to avoid and Incompatible

materials for additional information.

**10.2 Chemical stability** The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** Wooid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

**10.5 Incompatible materials** Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials.

10.6 Hazardous Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be

decomposition products produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

## 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
1H-Benzotriazole-1-methanamine, N,N-bis (2-ethylhexyl)-ar-methyl-	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
Not available.	

Conclusion/Summary Not classified. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

### Potential acute health effects

InhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.IngestionNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact** Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

**Eye contact** Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

InhalationNo specific data.IngestionNo specific data.

**Skin contact** Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

**Eye contact** Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

## Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Inhalation** Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.

**Ingestion** Ingestion of large quantities may cause nausea and diarrhoea.

**Eye contact** Potential risk of transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs.

## Potential chronic health effects

GeneralNo known significant effects or critical hazards.CarcinogenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.MutagenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

### 11.2 Information on other hazards

### 11.2.2 Other information

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Not available.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Not classified as dangerous **Environmental hazards** 

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Expected to be biodegradable.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

This product is not expected to bioaccumulate through food chains in the environment.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

Not available.

**Mobility** This product is unlikely to disperse in water.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII.

Other ecological information Spillages are unlikely to penetrate the soil. 12.7 Other adverse effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

**Product** 

**Methods of disposal** Where possible, arrange for product to be recycled. Dispose of via an authorised person/

licensed waste disposal contractor in accordance with local regulations.

**Hazardous waste** Yes.

**Packaging** 

Methods of disposal Where possible, arrange for product to be recycled. Dispose of via an authorised person/

licensed waste disposal contractor in accordance with local regulations.

Waste code Europ		European waste catalogue (EWC)
15 01 10* packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances		packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances
Special precautions		This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when

handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and

contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

References Commission 2014/955/EU Directive 2008/98/EC

## SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-

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# SECTION 14: Transport information

14.6 Special precautions for

Not available.

user

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO

Not available.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Other regulations

**REACH Status** For the REACH status of this product please consult your company contact, as identified in

Section 1.

**United States inventory** 

(TSCA 8b)

instruments

At least one component is not listed.

Australia inventory (AIIC)

All components are listed or exempted.

**Canada inventory** 

₹ least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.

China inventory (IECSC) All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (CSCL) At least one component is not listed. Korea inventory (KECI) All components are listed or exempted. Philippines inventory

(PICCS)

MI components are listed or exempted. All components are listed or exempted.

**Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory** 

(TCSI)

**Explosive precursors** Not applicable.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for one or more of the substances within this mixture. A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out for the mixture itself.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

CSA = Chemical Safety Assessment CSR = Chemical Safety Report DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

ES = Exposure Scenario

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

EWC = European Waste Catalogue

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as

modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation

[Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006]

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

RRN = REACH Registration Number

SADT = Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature

SVHC = Substances of Very High Concern

STOT-RE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure STOT-SE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

TWA = Time weighted average

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## **SECTION 16: Other information**

UN = United Nations

UVCB = Complex hydrocarbon substance

VOC = Volatile Organic Compound

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Varies = may contain one or more of the following 64741-88-4 / RRN 01-2119488706-23, 64741-89-5 / RRN 01-2119487067-30, 64741-95-3 / RRN 01-2119487081-40, 64741-96-4/ RRN

01-2119483621-38, 64742-01-4 / RRN 01-2119488707-21, 64742-44-5 / RRN

01-2119985177-24, 64742-45-6, 64742-52-5 / RRN 01-2119467170-45, 64742-53-6 / RRN

01-2119480375-34, 64742-54-7 / RRN 01-2119484627-25, 64742-55-8 / RRN 01-2119487077-29, 64742-56-9 / RRN 01-2119480132-48, 64742-57-0 / RRN 01-2119489287-22, 64742-58-1, 64742-62-7 / RRN 01-2119480472-38, 64742-63-8, 64742-65-0 / RRN 01-2119471299-27, 64742-70-7 / RRN 01-2119487080-42, 72623-85-9 /

RRN 01-2119555262-43, 72623-86-0 / RRN 01-2119474878-16, 72623-87-1 / RRN

01-2119474889-13

#### **History**

Date of issue/ Date of

09/05/2024.

revision

Date of previous issue

09/05/2023.

Prepared by

**Product Stewardship** 

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

All reasonably practicable steps have been taken to ensure this data sheet and the health, safety and environmental information contained in it is accurate as of the date specified below. No warranty or representation, express or implied is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the data and information in this data sheet.

The data and advice given apply when the product is sold for the stated application or applications. You should not use the product other than for the stated application or applications without seeking advice from BP Group.

It is the user's obligation to evaluate and use this product safely and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations. The BP Group shall not be responsible for any damage or injury resulting from use, other than the stated product use of the material, from any failure to adhere to recommendations, or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the material. Purchasers of the product for supply to a third party for use at work, have a duty to take all necessary steps to ensure that any person handling or using the product is provided with the information in this sheet. Employers have a duty to tell employees and others who may be affected of any hazards described in this sheet and of any precautions that should be taken. You can contact the BP Group to ensure that this document is the most current available. Alteration of this document is strictly prohibited.

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# Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Industrial

### Identification of the substance or mixture

Product definition Mixture

Code 451345-ZA01

Product name Spheerol AP 3

**Section 1: Title** 

Short title of the exposure

scenario

General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery - Industrial

List of use descriptors Identified use name: General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or

machinery-Industrial

Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC08b, PROC09

Sector of end use: SU03

Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No. Environmental Release Category: ERC04, ERC07

Specific Environmental Release Category: ATIEL-ATC SPERC 4.Biv1

Processes and activities covered by the exposure

scenario

Covers general use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery in closed systems. Includes filling and draining of containers and operation of enclosed machinery (including engines) and associated maintenance and storage activities.

## Section 2 Operational conditions and risk management measures

### Section 2.1 Control of worker exposure

**Product characteristics:** 

Physical state: Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa

Concentration of substance in product: Covers use of substance/product up to 100 % (unless stated

differently)

Frequency and duration of use: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours

Other conditions affecting workers exposure: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature.

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is

implemented

## Contributing scenarios: Operational conditions and risk management measures

General measures applicable to all activities:

Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN 374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Use suitable eye protection. Avoid direct eye contact with product also via contamination on hands.

General exposures (closed systems):

No other specific measures identified.

Initial factory fill of equipment Use in contained systems:

No other specific measures identified.

Initial factory fill of equipment Open systems:

Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour). Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours.

Operation of equipment containing engine oils and similar Use in contained systems: No other specific measures identified.

Equipment cleaning and maintenance:

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training. Retain drain-downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.

Equipment cleaning and maintenance Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature):

Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Provide extract ventilation to emission points when contact with warm (>50°C) lubricant is likely. Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in

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General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery - Industrial combination with intensive management supervision controls. Retain drain-downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.

Storage:

Store substance within a closed system.

# Section 2.2: Control of environmental exposure

**Amounts used:** 

EU tonnage of risk determining substance

per year:

2.63E+3 Tonnes/year

Frequency and duration of use:

**Emission days** 

300

Environment factors not influenced by risk

management:

Local freshwater dilution factor 10 Local marine water dilution factor

Other conditions affecting environmental exposure:

Negligible wastewater emissions as process operates without water

contact.

Release fraction to air (after typical onsite

RMMs)

5.00E-05

Release fraction to soil from process (after

typical onsite RMMs)

Release fraction to wastewater from process Not available.

(after typical onsite RMMs and before

Technical conditions and measures at

sewage treatment plan)

Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.

process level (source) to prevent release: Technical on-site conditions and measures

to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil:

Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite

wastewater.

Organisational measures to prevent/limit

release from site:

User sites are assumed to be provided with oil/water separators and waste water to be discharged via a sewage treatment plant Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.

Sewage sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Conditions and measures related to sewage

**Estimated substance removal from** 

treatment plant:

69.1

wastewater via on-site sewage treatment

Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant

flow rate (m3/d)

2.00E+3

Maximum allowable site tonnage (Msafe) based on release following total wastewater

treatment removal as product:

7594049

Conditions and measures related to external

treatment of waste for disposal:

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with

applicable local and/or national regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste:

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

### Section 3: Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Environment

**Exposure assessment (environment):** Used ECETOC TRA model (May 2010 release).

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace **Exposure assessment (human):** 

exposures unless otherwise indicated.

## Section 4: Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Spheerol AP 3 General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery - Industrial

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Environment	Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required. For further information see www.ATIEL.org/REACH_GES
Health	Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.



# Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

**Professional** 

### Identification of the substance or mixture

Product definition Mixture

Code 451345-ZA01

Product name Spheerol AP 3

**Section 1: Title** 

Short title of the exposure

List of use descriptors

scenario

General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery - Professional

**Identified use name:** General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery-Professional

Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC08a, PROC08b, PROC20

Sector of end use: SU22

Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No. Environmental Release Category: ERC09a, ERC09b

Specific Environmental Release Category: ESVOC SpERC 9.6b.v1

Processes and activities covered by the exposure

scenario

Covers general use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery in closed systems. Includes filling and draining of containers and operation of enclosed machinery (including engines) and associated maintenance and storage activities.

## Section 2 Operational conditions and risk management measures

### Section 2.1 Control of worker exposure

**Product characteristics:** 

Physical state: Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa

Concentration of substance in product: Covers use of substance/product up to 100 % (unless stated

differently)

Frequency and duration of use: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours

Other conditions affecting workers exposure: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature.

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is

implemented

## Contributing scenarios: Operational conditions and risk management measures

General measures applicable to all activities:

Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN 374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Use suitable eye protection. Avoid direct eye contact with product also via contamination on hands.

Operation of equipment containing engine oils and similar Use in contained systems: No other specific measures identified.

Material transfers Non-dedicated facility:

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours per day. Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training.

Equipment cleaning and maintenance Dedicated facility:

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain-downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.

Storage:

Store substance within a closed system.

Section 2.2: Control of environmental exposure

Amounts used:

EU tonnage of risk determining substance

per year:

5.39 Tonnes/year

Frequency and duration of use:

**Emission days** 365

Environment factors not influenced by risk

management:

Local freshwater dilution factor 10 Local marine water dilution factor 100

Other conditions affecting environmental

exposure:

Negligible wastewater emissions as process operates without water

contact.

Release fraction to air (after typical onsite

RMMs)

1.00E-04

Release fraction to soil from process (after

typical onsite RMMs)

1E-03

Release fraction to wastewater from process Not available.

(after typical onsite RMMs and before

Technical conditions and measures at

sewage treatment plan)

release estimates used.

Technical on-site conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions

process level (source) to prevent release:

and releases to soil:

Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite

wastewater.

Organisational measures to prevent/limit

release from site:

Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.

Sewage sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process

Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant:

Estimated substance removal from

69.1

wastewater via on-site sewage treatment

Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow rate (m3/d)

2.00F+3

Maximum allowable site tonnage (Msafe) based on release following total wastewater

treatment removal as product:

19111

Conditions and measures related to external

treatment of waste for disposal:

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with

applicable local and/or national regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste:

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

## Section 3: Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Environment

Used ECETOC TRA model (May 2010 release). **Exposure assessment (environment):** 

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers

**Exposure assessment (human):** The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace

exposures unless otherwise indicated.

### Section 4: Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

**Environment** Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not

be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1),

additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required. For further information see www.ATIEL.org/REACH\_GES

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General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery - Professional

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Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.