Conforms to REGULATIONS FOR HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL AGENTS, 2021, Government Gazette 44348

SAFETY DATA SHEET



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	Spheerol EPL 0
Product code	451357-BE26
SDS #	451357
Product type	Grease
1.2 Relevant identified use	es of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Use of the substance/ mixture	Grease for industrial applications For specific application advice see appropriate Technical Data Sheet or consult our company representative.
1.3 Details of the supplier	of the safety data sheet
Supplier	BP Southern Africa (Pty)Ltd 199 Oxford Road Oxford Parks Dunkeld, 2196 South Africa
	Product Technical Helpdesk: 0800 111 551

1.4 Emergency telephone number		
EMERGENCY	Tygerberg Poison Centre: 0861 555 777	
TELEPHONE NUMBER	Carechem: +27 21 300 2732 (24/7)	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition	Mixture
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Not classified.

See sections 11 and 12 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms and environmental hazards.

2.2 Label elements	
Signal word	No signal word.
Hazard statements	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	Not applicable.
Response	Not applicable.
Storage	Not applicable.
Disposal	Not applicable.
Hazardous ingredients	Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Other hazards which do not result in classification	Defatting to the skin. Note: High Pressure Applications Injections through the skin resulting from contact with the product at high pressure constitute a major medical emergency. See 'Notes to physician' under First-Aid Measures, Section 4 of this Safety Data Sheet.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Product definition Mixture

Highly refined base oil (IP 346 DMSO extract < 3%). Proprietary performance additives. Thickening agent. This product does not contain any hazardous ingredients at or above regulated thresholds.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid me	easures
Eye contact	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention.
Skin contact	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention if irritation develops.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Protection of first-aiders	\mathbf{N} o action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

Potential acute health ef	fects
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Eye contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Delayed and immediate e	ffects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Inhalation	Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.
Ingestion	Ingestion of large quantities may cause nausea and diarrhoea.
Eye contact	Potential risk of transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs.
4.3 Indication of any imme	ediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notos to physician	Treatment should in general be symptometic and directed to relieving any effects

Notes to physicianTreatment should in general be symptomatic and directed to relieving any effects.
Note: High Pressure Applications
Injections through the skin resulting from contact with the product at high pressure constitute a
major medical emergency. Injuries may not appear serious at first but within a few hours tissue
becomes swollen, discoloured and extremely painful with extensive subcutaneous necrosis.
Surgical exploration should be undertaken without delay. Thorough and extensive debridement
of the wound and underlying tissue is necessary to minimise tissue loss and prevent or limit
permanent damage. Note that high pressure may force the product considerable distances
along tissue planes.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	In case of fire, use water fog, alcohol resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide extinguisher or spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet. The use of a water jet may cause the fire to spread by splashing the burning product.
5.2 Special hazards arising fr	om the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	No specific fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous combustion productsCombustion products may include the following: carbon oxides (CO, CO2) (carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide) metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefightersSpecial precautions for
fire-fightersNo action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Promptly
isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Special protective	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing	
equipment for fire-fighters	apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for	
	fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN	
	469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.	

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, prot	tective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Floors may be slippery; use care to avoid falling. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.		
For emergency responders	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".		
6.2 Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).		
6.3 Methods and material for o	containment and cleaning up		
Small spill	Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.		
Large spill	Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. If emergency personnel are unavailable, contain spilt material. Suction or scoop the spill into appropriate disposal or recycling vessels, then cover spill area with oil absorbent. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.		
6.4 Reference to other sections	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 5 for firefighting measures. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 12 for environmental precautions. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.		

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

7.1 Precautions for sale har	lang
Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store and use only in equipment/containers designed for use with this product. Do not store in unlabelled containers.
Not suitable	Folonged exposure to elevated temperature
7.2 Specific and use(a)	

7.3 Specific end use(s) Recommendations

See section 1.2 and Exposure scenarios in annex, if applicable.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limit value known.

Whilst specific OELs for certain components may be shown in this section, other components may be present in any mist, vapour or dust produced. Therefore, the specific OELs may not be applicable to the product as a whole and are provided for guidance only.

Recommended monitoring procedures

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name

No exposure indices known.

Exposure indices

Derived No Effect Level

No DNELs/DMELs available.

Predicted No Effect Concentration

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls Ril activities involving chemicals should be assessed for their risks to health, to ensure exposures are adequately controled. Personal protective equipment should only be considered in the other of an of control measures (e.g. engineering control) have been suitably evaluated. Personal protective equipment should only exposure in good condition and property maintaina. Voir suppler of personal protective equipment should only organisation for standards. The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment. It is important to main of personal protective equipment are compatible. Individual protection measures Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working controls being handled, the condition of work and use, and the condition of thorespiratory equipment. The correct choice of respiratory protection equipment should only the procedures should be developed for each intended application. Respiratory protection equipment should be therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions. Explane protection Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. The correct choice of protective guipment should only environments and material handling radicate and replaced (even the best chemically resistant gloves will break down after repeated chemical exposures). Explane General Information: Explane Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. I		
Hygiene measures Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety shows are close to the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations are should be the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations are should be the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations are close to the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations are close to the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations are close to the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations are close to the working period. Ensure that eyewash should be developed for each intended application, Respiratory protection equipment should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working period. Eye/face protection Safety glasses with side shields. Skin protection General Information: Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Response of work and use. Most gloves growide protection for only a limited time before they must be discarded and replaced (even the best chemically resistant gloves will break down after repeated chemical exposures). Gloves should be chosen in consultation with the supplier / manufacturer and taking account of a full assessment for the working conditions. Recommended: Nitrile gloves. Breakthrough time dear are generated by glove manufacturers under laboratory test conditions and represent how long a glove can be expected to provide effective permeation resistance. It is important when following breakthrough times for the recommedations of uroy-1-date technical information on breakthro		exposures are adequately controlled. Personal protective equipment should only be considered after other forms of control measures (e.g. engineering controls) have been suitably evaluated. Personal protective equipment should conform to appropriate standards, be suitable for use, be kept in good condition and properly maintained. Your supplier of personal protective equipment should be consulted for advice on selection and appropriate standards. For further information contact your national organisation for standards. The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment. It is important to
stations and safety showers are close to the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Respiratory protection If case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. The correct choice of respiratory protection depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the respiratory reutection equipment should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions. Eyelface protection Safety glasses with side shields. Skin protection General Information: Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. The correct choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, and the conditions of work and use. Most gloves provide protection for only a limited time before they must be discarded and replaced (even the best chemically resistant gloves will break down after repeated chemical exposures). Gloves should be chosen in consultation with the supplier / manufacturer and taking account of a full assessment of the working conditions. Recommended:: Nitrile gloves: Breakthrough time: Breakthrough time data are generated by glove manufacturers under laboratory test conditions and represent how long a glove can be expected to provide effective permeation resistance. It is important when following breakthrough time for the recommended glove type. Our recommended use fuelse conditions on the selection of gloves are as follows: Continuous contact:	Individual protection measures	<u>s</u>
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		Glove Thickness:

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	It should be emphasised that glove thickness is not necessarily a good predictor of glove resistance to a specific chemical, as the permeation efficiency of the glove will be dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Therefore, glove selection should also be based on consideration of the task requirements and knowledge of breakthrough times. Glove thickness may also vary depending on the glove manufacturer, the glove type and the glove model. Therefore, the manufacturers' technical data should always be taken into account to ensure selection of the most appropriate glove for the task.
	Note: Depending on the activity being conducted, gloves of varying thickness may be required for specific tasks. For example:
	• Thinner gloves (down to 0.1 mm or less) may be required where a high degree of manual dexterity is needed. However, these gloves are only likely to give short duration protection and would normally be just for single use applications, then disposed of.
	• Thicker gloves (up to 3 mm or more) may be required where there is a mechanical (as well as a chemical) risk i.e. where there is abrasion or puncture potential.
Skin and body	Use of protective clothing is good industrial practice. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Cotton or polyester/cotton overalls will only provide protection against light superficial contamination that will not soak through to the skin. Overalls should be laundered on a regular basis. When the risk of skin exposure is high (e.g. when cleaning up spillages or if there is a risk of splashing) then chemical resistant aprons and/or impervious chemical suits and boots will be required.
<u>Refer to standards:</u>	Respiratory protection: EN 529 Gloves: EN 420, EN 374 Eye protection: EN 166 Filtering half-mask: EN 149 Filtering half-mask with valve: EN 405 Half-mask: EN 140 plus filter Full-face mask: EN 136 plus filter Particulate filters: EN 143 Gas/combined filters: EN 14387
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Grease	
Colour	Amber.	
Odour	Characteristic.	
Odour threshold	Not available.	
Melting point/freezing point	>200°C (>392°F)	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.	
Flammability	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosion limit	Not applicable.	
Flash point	Øosed cup: >200°C (>39	92°F) [ASTM D 93]
Auto-ignition temperature	>300°C (>572°F)	
Decomposition temperature	Not available.	
рН	Not applicable.	
Kinematic viscosity	Kinematic: >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt) at 40°C
Solubility		
	Media	Result

 Media
 Result

 water
 Not soluble

 Not applicable.
 Not soluble

Partition coefficient n-octanol/ water (log value)

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Vapour pressure	Not available.						
		Vapou	r Pres	sure at 20°C	Vap	our pres	sure at 50°C
	Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
	Not available.	Not available.					
Density and/or Relative density	1000 kg/m ³ ((0.8 to 1 g	J/cm³) a	at 20°C			
Relative vapour density	Not applicable.						
Particle characteristics							
Median particle size	Not available.						
9.2 Other information							
Evaporation rate	Not available.						
Explosive properties	Not available.						
Oxidising properties	Not available.						
SECTION 10: Stability a	and reactivity						
10.1 Reactivity	No specific test data available for this product. Refer to Conditions to avoid and Incompatible						

	materials for additional information.
10.2 Chemical stability	The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
10.5 Incompatible materials	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

	-		
1.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008			
Acute toxicity estimates			
Not available.			
Information on likely routes of exposure	Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalati	ion, Eyes.	
Potential acute health effects			
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazar	rds.	
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazar	rds.	
Skin contact	Defatting to the skin. May cause skin drynes	ss and irritation.	
Eye contact	No known significant effects or critical hazar	rds.	
Symptoms related to the phys	ical, chemical and toxicological characteris	istics	
Inhalation	No specific data.		
Ingestion	No specific data.		
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following irritation dryness cracking	g:	
Eye contact	No specific data.		
Delayed and immediate effect	s as well as chronic effects from short and	l long-term exposure	
Inhalation	Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated t	temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.	
Ingestion	Ingestion of large quantities may cause naus	sea and diarrhoea.	
Eye contact	Potential risk of transient stinging or redness	s if accidental eye contact occurs.	
Potential chronic health effect	t <u>s</u>		
General	No known significant effects or critical hazar	rds.	
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazar	rds.	
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazar	rds.	
Developmental effects	No known significant effects or critical hazar	rds.	
Fertility effects	No known significant effects or critical hazar	rds.	
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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.2 Other information Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Environmental hazards Not classified as dangerous

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not expected to be rapidly degradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

This product is not expected to bioaccumulate through food chains in the environment.

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	Not available.
Mobility	Spillages are unlikely to penetrate the soil.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII.

Other ecological information	This product is unlikely to disperse in water.
12.7 Other adverse effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment meth	ods
Product	
Methods of disposal	Where possible, arrange for product to be recycled. Dispose of via an authorised person/ licensed waste disposal contractor in accordance with local regulations.
Hazardous waste	Yes.
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	Where possible, arrange for product to be recycled. Dispose of via an authorised person/ licensed waste disposal contractor in accordance with local regulations.
Waste code	European waste catalogue (EWC)
15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances
Special precautions	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
References	Commission 2014/955/EU Directive 2008/98/EC

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
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SECTION 14: Trans	port information				
Additional - information					
14.6 Special precautions for user	r Not available.				
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	Not available.				
SECTION 15: Regul	atory information				
15.1 Safety, health and envi	ronmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture				
Other regulations					
REACH Status	REACH Status The company, as identified in Section 1, sells this product in the EU in compliance with the current requirements of REACH.				
United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	All components are active or exempted.				
Australia inventory (AIIC)	All components are listed or exempted.				
Canada inventory	All components are listed or exempted.				
China inventory (IECSC)	All components are listed or exempted.				
Japan inventory (CSCL)	At least one component is not listed.				
Korea inventory (KECI)	All components are listed or exempted.				
Philippines inventory (PICCS)	All components are listed or exempted.				
Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI)	All components are listed or exempted.				
15.2 Chemical safety assessment	A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for one or more of the substances within this mixture. A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out for the mixture itself.				

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and ac	ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Day Inland Waterway							
		,	n Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous C			erous Goods by		
		ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service						
		CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] CSA = Chemical Safety Assessment						
		CSR = Chemical Saf						
			DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level					
		DNEL = Derived No						
			, ,	Commercial chemical Su	ibstances			
		ES = Exposure Scenario						
		EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement EWC = European Waste Catalogue GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals						
		IATA = International Air Transport Association						
		IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods						
		LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as						
			col of 1978. ("Marpol"					
				eration and Developmen	ıt			
			accumulative and To					
			Effect Concentration					
		REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006] RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail RRN = REACH Registration Number						
		SADT = Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature						
			of Very High Concern					
				- Repeated Exposure				
		SIUI-SE = Specific	Target Organ Toxicity	- Single Exposure				
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SECTION 16: Other information

	TWA = Time weighted average UN = United Nations UVCB = Complex hydrocarbon substance VOC = Volatile Organic Compound vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative Varies = may contain one or more of the following 64741-88-4 / RRN 01-2119488706-23, 64741-89-5 / RRN 01-2119487067-30, 64741-95-3 / RRN 01-2119487081-40, 64741-96-4/ RRN 01-2119483621-38, 64742-01-4 / RRN 01-2119488707-21, 64742-44-5 / RRN 01-2119985177-24, 64742-45-6, 64742-52-5 / RRN 01-2119467170-45, 64742-53-6 / RRN 01-2119480375-34, 64742-54-7 / RRN 01-2119484627-25, 64742-55-8 / RRN 01-2119487077-29, 64742-56-9 / RRN 01-2119480132-48, 64742-57-0 / RRN 01-2119489287-22, 64742-58-1, 64742-62-7 / RRN 01-2119480472-38, 64742-63-8, 64742-65-0 / RRN 01-2119471299-27, 64742-70-7 / RRN 01-2119487080-42, 72623-85-9 / RRN 01-2119555262-43, 72623-86-0 / RRN 01-2119474878-16, 72623-87-1 / RRN 01-2119474889-13
<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/ Date of revision	19/01/2024.
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Prepared by	Product Stewardship

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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The data and advice given apply when the product is sold for the stated application or applications. You should not use the product other than for the stated application or applications without seeking advice from BP Group.

It is the user's obligation to evaluate and use this product safely and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations. The BP Group shall not be responsible for any damage or injury resulting from use, other than the stated product use of the material, from any failure to adhere to recommendations, or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the material. Purchasers of the product for supply to a third party for use at work, have a duty to take all necessary steps to ensure that any person handling or using the product is provided with the information in this sheet. Employers have a duty to tell employees and others who may be affected of any hazards described in this sheet and of any precautions that should be taken. You can contact the BP Group to ensure that this document is the most current available. Alteration of this document is strictly prohibited.

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